AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 17, 2018

AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 2, 2018

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 25, 2018

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 12, 2018

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2017–18 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2681

Introduced by Assembly Member Nazarian (Coauthors: Assembly Members Chiu and Reyes)

February 15, 2018

An act to add Chapter 12.2.5 (commencing with Section 8875.100) to Division 1 of Title 2-of *of*, *and to repeal Section 8875.109 of*, the Government Code, relating to seismic safety.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2681, as amended, Nazarian. Seismic safety: potentially vulnerable buildings.

Existing law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. The mitigation program may include, among other things, the adoption by ordinance of a hazardous buildings program, measures to strengthen buildings, and the application of structural standards necessary to provide for life safety above current code requirements.

This bill would, upon the identification of funding by the Office of Emergency Services, require the building department of a city or county that meets specified requirements to create an inventory of potentially

vulnerable buildings, as defined, within its jurisdiction, based on age and other publicly available information, and submit that inventory to the office, as specified. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would create a state-mandated local program. The bill would require the office to, among other things, maintain a statewide inventory, identify funding mechanisms to offset costs to building departments and building owners in complying with these provisions, and report annually to the Legislature on the number of potentially vulnerable buildings and compliance of building departments with these provisions. The bill would require the owner of a building identified by a building department as a potentially vulnerable building to retain a licensed professional engineer to identify whether the building meets the definition of a potentially vulnerable building, and provide a letter to the building department stating the licensed professional engineer's findings. The bill would specify the date by which each requirement must be met.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that, if the Commission on State Mandates determines that the bill contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement for those costs shall be made pursuant to the statutory provisions noted above.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Chapter 12.2.5 (commencing with Section 2 8875.100) is added to Division 1 of Title 2 of the Government 3 Code, to read:

4 5

Chapter 12.2.5. Earthquake Vulnerable Buildings

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7 8875.100. The Legislature hereby finds and declares all of the8 following:

9 (a) Major earthquakes around the Pacific Rim, the devastation

10 left by hurricanes Harvey, Irma, and Maria, and the September 11 2017 earthquakes in Mexico are continuing reminders of

- 12 California's vulnerability to massive earthquake-related losses.
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1 (b) The most recent California ShakeOut study estimates that 2 a major quake along the San Andreas Fault could cause more than 3 two hundred billion dollars (\$200,000,000,000) in physical and 4 economic damage, and could result in up to 1,800 or more deaths. 5 In 2016, the California Geologic Survey estimated California's 6 expression of the state laws of the state la

annualized earthquake loss at the state level at approximately three
billion seven hundred million dollars (\$3,700,000,000).

8 (c) The chronic labor and affordable housing shortages from 9 which most cities in California already suffer would be made 10 dramatically worse for years to come following such an event.

11 (d) California contains thousands of buildings that are known

to present an unacceptably high earthquake risk of death, injury,and damage based on their age, structural system, size, andlocation.

(e) Protecting our state's economy, affordable housing stock,
and social fabric from the long-lasting turmoil of earthquakes is
of utmost importance, and the foilure to do so could import

of utmost importance, and the failure to do so could impactCalifornians' quality of life for decades.

(f) The first step toward reducing these expected losses is toquantify them with basic inventory measures that account forstructural vulnerabilities and recovery-critical functions.

8875.101. For purposes of this chapter, the following termshave the following meanings:

24 (a) "Building department" means the department, bureau, or

officer of a city or county charged with the enforcement of lawsor ordinances regulating the erection, construction, or alterationof buildings.

(b) "Potentially vulnerable building" means a building thatmeets one of the following:

30 (1) The design and construction of the building was approved

31 by the city or county prior to the adoption of the 1976 edition of

the Uniform Building Code and has one or more of the followingcharacteristics:

(A) Unreinforced masonry lateral force resisting systems or
 unreinforced masonry infill walls that interact with the lateral force
 resisting system.

37 (B) Concrete buildings with a nonductile lateral force resisting38 system.

39 (C) Soft, weak, or open front walls at the ground floor level of40 multistory light framed buildings.

- 1 (2) The design and construction of the building was approved
- 2 by the city or county pursuant to the 1995 or earlier edition of the
- 3 California Building Code and consists of any of the following 4 structural systems:
- 5 (A) Steel frame buildings with moment frame connections.
- 6 (B) Concrete or masonry buildings with flexible diaphragms.
- 7 (C) Buildings with precast, prestressed, or post-tensioned 8 concrete.

9 (3) "Potentially vulnerable building" does not include any of 10 the following:

- 11 (A) Residential real property comprising one to four dwelling 12 units, or a manufactured home as defined in Section 18007 of the
- 13 Health and Safety Code.
- 14 (B) A building listed in subdivision (a), (c), or (e) of Section 15 19100 of the Health and Safety Code.
- 16 (C) Facilities regulated by the Office of Statewide Health
- 17 Planning and Development or the Division of the State Architect, 18 or buildings owned by the state or federal government
- 18 or buildings owned by the state or federal government.
- (c) "Recovery function" means a building use or occupancyinvolving one or more of the following:
- 21 (1) Multifamily housing.
- 22 (2) A skilled nursing or residential care facility.
- 23 (3) A designated emergency shelter.
- 24 (4) A mercantile grocery or packaged food sales.
- 25 (5) A mercantile pharmacy or medical supply.
- 26 (6) Medical provider offices.
- 27 (7) A K–12 school.
- 28 (8) Essential services provided by a city or county that are 29 identified in the city or county's local hazard mitigation plan.
- 30 (9) Essential services buildings as defined in Section 16007 of
 31 the Health and Safety Code.
- 32 (10) A communication center or broadcast station.
- (d) "Office" means the Office of Emergency Services.
- 34 8875.102. This chapter shall apply to a city or county with at
- 35 least half of its geographical area located where the peak ground
- 36 acceleration equals or exceeds 0.3g as determined by the 2008
- 37 United States Geological Survey National Seismic Hazard Model
- 38 gridded data, based on 10-percent-in-50-year probability of
- 39 exceedance. The office shall determine whether a city or city and
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1 county meets this criteria and shall notify any city or county that 2 meets this criteria that the city or county is subject to this chapter. 3 8875.103 (a) On or before January 1, 2021, each building 4 department shall develop an inventory of potentially vulnerable 5 buildings within its jurisdiction, based on the age of the building 6 and other publicly available information, including, but not limited 7 to, tax assessors record surveys, census data, housing data, building 8 permit records, past or ongoing earthquake mitigation program 9 records, and online searches. For each potentially vulnerable 10 building, the inventory shall identify which recovery functions, if 11 any, it contains.

12 (b) A city or county is not required to develop an inventory 13 pursuant to subdivision (a) if it already has an existing inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings within its jurisdiction compiled 14 15 pursuant to a local ordinance that otherwise meets the requirements of subdivision (a). If a building within its jurisdiction 16 17 meets the additional potentially vulnerable building criteria 18 specified in this chapter was not included in the information the 19 city or county previously complied, the building department of the city or county shall add it to the inventory on or before January 20 21 1, 2021, in order for the city or county to be in compliance with 22 this section.

8875.104 (a) On or before June 1, 2021, each building
department shall notify the owner of any building identified by
the building department as a potentially vulnerable building of the
status of the owner's building.

(b) (1) On or before June 1, 2022, an owner who has received a notification from a building department pursuant to subdivision (a) shall submit a letter from a licensed professional engineer to the building department stating whether the building meets the definition of a potentially vulnerable building set forth in subdivision (b) of Section 8875.101.

(2) If the letter from a licensed professional engineer submitted
by the owner of a building pursuant to paragraph (1) states that
the building does not meet the definition of a potentially vulnerable
building, the building department shall remove the building from
the inventory it created pursuant to Section 8875.103, and shall
not include the building on the list provided to the office pursuant

39 to Section 8875.105.

(3) If a letter from a licensed professional engineer has not been
 submitted by the owner of a building pursuant to paragraph (1),
 the building department shall assume that the building qualifies

4 as a potentially vulnerable building and shall include the building5 on the inventory provided to the office pursuant to Section6 8875.105.

8875.105. (a) The office shall maintain a statewide inventoryof potentially vulnerable buildings.

9 (b) On or before January 1, 2023, each building department 10 shall provide the office, in an electronic form prescribed by the 11 office, the inventory of buildings identified by the building 12 department as potentially vulnerable buildings pursuant to Sections 13 8875.103 and 8875.104.

(c) A building department shall notify the office if a buildingon the inventory is seismically retrofitted or replaced and the officeshall remove that building from the statewide inventory.

17 8875.106. On or before January 1, 2020, the office shall identify
18 funding mechanisms to offset costs to building departments and
19 building owners in complying with this chapter. The funding shall
20 be limited to federal funds, funds from the General Fund of the
21 state, funds from the sale of revenue bonds, local funds, and private
22 grants.

23 8875.107. No city, county, or city and county, nor any 24 employee of a city, county, or city and county, shall be liable for 25 damages for injury to persons or property, resulting from an 26 earthquake or otherwise, on the basis of any inventory, assessment, 27 or evaluation performed, any ordinance adopted, or any other 28 action taken pursuant to this chapter, irrespective of whether that 29 action complies with the terms of this chapter, or on the basis of 30 failure to take any action authorized by this chapter. The immunity 31 from liability provided herein is in addition to all other immunities 32 of the city, city and county, or county provided by law.

8875.108. The office shall coordinate the carthquake related
 earthquake-related responsibilities of building departments
 imposed by this chapter to ensure compliance with the purposes
 of this chapter.

8875.109. (a) Notwithstanding Section 10231.5, the office
shall report annually to the Legislature on the compliance of
building departments with the requirements of this chapter. The
annual report shall review and chapter on or before June 1, 2023.

The report shall include the number of potentially vulnerable
 buildings and the building departments that have not complied
 with Sections 8875.103 to 8875.105, inclusive, in order to assess
 the effectiveness of building identification and evaluation standards
 adopted by these building departments pursuant to this section.

6 The annual report shall comply with Section 9795.

7 (b) (1) A report to be submitted pursuant to subdivision (a)
8 shall be submitted in compliance with Section 9795 of the
9 Government Code.

10 (2) Pursuant to Section 10231.5 of the Government Code, this 11 section is repealed on June 1, 2027.

12 8875.110. (a) If the Commercial Property Owner's Guide to 13 Earthquake Safety described in Section 10147 of the Business and Professions Code is delivered to a transferee in connection with 14 15 the transfer of a potentially vulnerable building, a seller or broker 16 is not required to provide additional information concerning a 17 potentially vulnerable building, and the Commercial Property 18 Owner's Guide to Earthquake Safety shall be deemed adequate to 19 inform the transferee regarding the potentially vulnerable building. (b) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), nothing in this section 20 21 increases or decreases the duties, if any, of sellers or their brokers 22 or agents, or alters the duty of a seller, agent, or broker, to disclose

23 the existence of a known potentially vulnerable building.

8875.111. This chapter shall not become operative until the
office identifies funding pursuant to Section 8875.106 and the
office reports to the Secretary of State that this contingency has
been met and also posts notice on its Internet Web site that the
contingency has been met.

29 SEC. 2. If the Commission on State Mandates determines that

30 this act contains costs mandated by the state, reimbursement to 31 local agencies and school districts for those costs shall be made

pursuant to Part 7 (commencing with Section 17500) of Division

33 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

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